Can We Trust Self-Driving Cars?

Are We Making Them Any More Trustworthy Over Human Drivers?

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We Need to Look at Systematic Faults



What is FIT Rate for Systematic Faults?

Systematic Faults	Observed Bug Rate	FIT Rate
Hardware Design Faults	4 Bugs in 50 Years	9000
Software Design Faults	1 Bug Every Year	100000

Mitigating Factors

Automotive Environment is More Constrained

- Hardware Design Quality– Need Three Orders of Improvement
- Software Design Quality– Need Four Orders of Improvement



Chart adapted from McCluskey-Buelow chart on DPPM, Wafer Yield, and Test Transparency

Systematic Faults for Deep Learning Algorithms Need to Be Thoroughly Validated

- Need to Characterize What Training Inaccuracy Means in Terms of Safety
- Design Diversity Helps Here (LIDAR, RADAR, Camera)

Exploit Big Data & Super Computing for Virtual Reality Based Validation

- Billions of Traveled Miles Simulated in Days
- Deploying Updates on Ground Needs Cross-Validation

SW Bug Updates Require Thorough Security Authentication

VIRTUAL VEHICLES. REAL-WORLD RESULTS.

DRIVE Constellation uses photorealistic simulation to create a safer, more scalable, and more cost-effective way to bring self-driving cars to our roads. It uses the computing horsepower of two different servers to deliver a revolutionary cloud-based computing platform, capable of generating billions of miles of autonomous vehicle testing.





DRIVE SIM

The first server runs DRIVE Sim software to simulate a self-driving vehicle's sensors—from cameras to lidar and radar. Powerful GPUs generate photoreal data streams that create a wide range of testing environments and scenarios. This means you can easily test rare and difficult conditions: rainstorms, snowstorms, and sharp glare at different times of the day and night, with different road surfaces and surroundings.

Why Fault Modeling & Validation?

